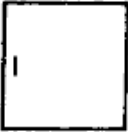
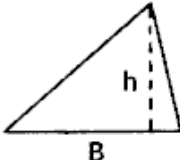
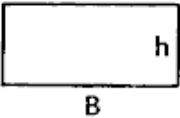
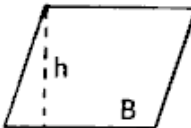
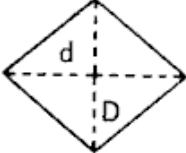
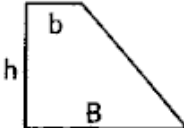
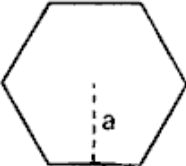
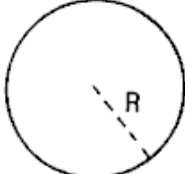
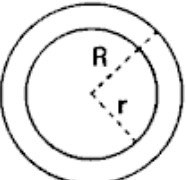
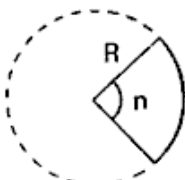
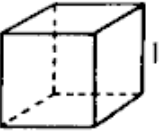
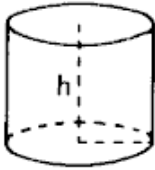
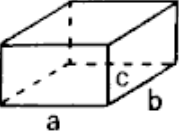
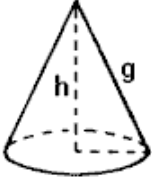
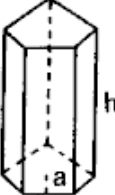
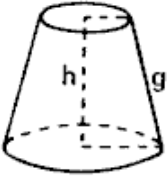
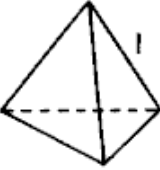
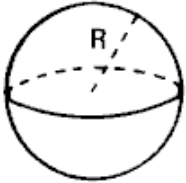
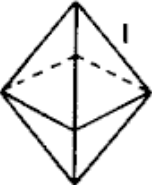
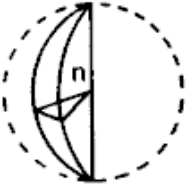
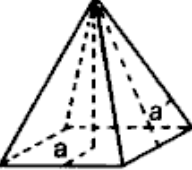
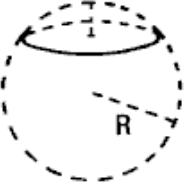
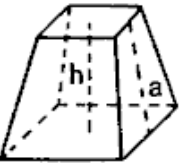


FORMULARIO DE FIGURAS GEOMETRICAS

	<p>Cuadrado</p> $A = l^2$	<p>Triángulo</p> $A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot B \cdot h$	
	<p>Rectángulo</p> $A = B \cdot h$	<p>Romboide</p> $A = B \cdot h$	
	<p>Rombo</p> $A = \frac{1}{2} D \cdot d$	<p>Trapecio</p> $A = \frac{B + b}{2} \cdot h$	
	<p>Polígono regular</p> $A = \frac{P \cdot a}{2}$	<p>Círculo</p> $A = \pi R^2$ $L = 2\pi R$	
	<p>Corona circular</p> $A = \pi (R^2 - r^2)$	<p>Sector circular</p> $A = \frac{\pi R^2}{360} n$	

	<p>Cubo</p> $A = 6 l^2$ $V = l^3$	<p>Cilindro</p> $A = 2\pi R(h + R)$ $V = \pi R^2 \cdot h$	
	<p>Ortoedro</p> $A = 2(ab + ac + bc)$ $V = abc$	<p>Cono</p> $A = \pi R \cdot (g + R)$ $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi R^2 \cdot h$	
	<p>Prisma recto</p> $A = P(h + a)$ $V = A_b \cdot h$	<p>Tronco de cono</p> $A = \pi[g(R + r) + R^2 + r^2]$ $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi h(R^2 + r^2 + Rr)$	
	<p>Tetraedro regular</p> $A = l^2 \sqrt{3}$ $V = \frac{l^3 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{12}$	<p>Esfera</p> $A = 4\pi R^2$ $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$	
	<p>Octaedro regular</p> $A = 2 l^2 \sqrt{3}$ $V = \frac{l^3 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{3}$	<p>Huso - Cuña esférica</p> $A = \frac{4\pi R^2}{360} \cdot n$ $V = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{\pi R^3}{360} \cdot n$	
	<p>Pirámide recta</p> $A = \frac{1}{2} P \cdot (a + a')$ $V = \frac{1}{3} A_b \cdot h$	<p>Casquete esférico</p> $A = 2\pi R \cdot h$ $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi h^2 \cdot (3R - h)$	
	<p>Tronco de pirámide</p> $A = \frac{1}{2} (P + P') \cdot a + A_b + A_b'$ $V = \frac{1}{3} h(A_b + A_b' + \sqrt{A_b A_b'})$	<p>Zona esférica</p> $A = 2\pi R \cdot h$ $V = \frac{\pi h}{6} (h^2 + 3r^2 + 3r'^2)$	